Regions of Alberta Alberta is a big province. It has six natural regions. **Alberta** Can you find the six regions on the map? Use the legend to color your map. Edmonton Legend-**Boreal Forest** Grassland Canadian Shield Parkland Calgary Foothills Rocky Mountain http://aet.alberta.ca/englishexpress/articles/pdf/ra11 09 13.pdf

Zooming In...Alberta's Regions – (Learn Alberta) http://www.learnalberta.ca/content/sszi/en/index.html

Canadian Shield

In Alberta, the Canadian Shield coves the far northeast corner of the province. It spreads into a large part of Canada.

Hundreds of years ago glaciers shaped the land.

Fort Chipewyan, commonly referred to as Fort Chip, is a hamlet in this region.

What other regions in Alberta have been shaped by glaciers? Where could you find glaciers now?





http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Athabasca

Canadian Shield

Land

- There are a lot of rocks, lakes and spruce trees in this region.
- There are also low, rocky hills, forests, long, sandy beaches and swampy areas.
- West of Fort Chipewyan, a <u>delta</u> has been formed by three rivers – the Athabasca, Peace and Birch. These rivers settled out and collected over the years. The water spreads out to form marshes lakes and mud flats. This is one of the largest fresh water deltas in the world. What is a delta?
- <u>Red granite</u> <u>bluffs</u> overlook Lake Athabasca.
 What are these bluffs?



http://www.worsleyschool.net/socialarts/shield/canadianshield.html



http://www.pc.gc.ca/pnnp/nt/woodbuffalo/visit/visit4/visit4d.aspx

Canadian Shield

Plants

- Vegetation varies depending on how much soil is in the area. Forests of spruce trees and jack pine can be found along the rocky shoreline of the lake. In marshy areas, black spruce and tamarack trees grow.
- Berry bushes grow where it is wet and there is less soil. Types of berries that grow here are Labrador tea, Blueberry, Saskatoon, Bear berry, Bog cranberry and Raspberry.
- Marsh grasses and reads can be found in marches and by the rivers.
- <u>Reindeer lichen</u> often grown in the forest areas.



Canadian Shield

Animals

bears, squirrels, caribou,
 beavers, lynx, foxes, moose,
 wolves, rabbits
 Golden eagles, bald eagles,
 loons, ducks, gulls



Which of these animals have you seen before?















http://www.ualberta.ca/~gyates/projectlynx/

Canadian Shield

Land Use (Natural Resources)

- Forests, lakes and wildlife
- Most people still hunt and trap food
- Fishing businesses are set up on Lake Athabasca and the fish is flown to Edmonton then to other parts of North America



Canadian Shield

Climate

- Short, dry summers
- Warm termperatures
- Rain falls usually between July and October
- One of the coldest parts of Alberta, Why do you think this is so?
- Long winters
- Most winter days are around -20, but it can drop to -40
- During the summer, it only gets dark for 4 hours from 11:30 pm, to 3:30 am
- In the winter, only a few hours of daylight
- Northern lights are seen often

In the winter, there is lots of snow





What makes this region a unique part

of Alberta?

http://psd-tutorial.com/25-nice-aurora-borealis-photos/

Canadian Shield



 Your Town - Fort Chipewyan - Travel Alberta - Global News http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DgvZ4cxpgpQ

• Every winter, Fort Chipewan holds a winter carnival

 There are many contests: nail pounding, moose calling, log sawing, chopping, dogsled racing and bannock baking.







http://www.aquadam.net/Construction/Fort%20Chipewyan%20Canal/chipewyan-canal-1.html http://rmwbculture.blogspot.com/2011/03/public-operations-is-on-facebook.html http://www.canadianoutback.com/banff-snowmobile-tours.php